

Section - 6 : Environment, EMI, Power Supply, Cabling and Earthing

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Section - 6

Environment, EMI, Power Supply, Cabling and Earthing

The purpose of this section is to describe the minimum general equipment characteristics and specifications for environmental conditions, source power conditioning and backup, equipment construction, and installation. The section also highlights the stringent Electro Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) guidelines for equipment that will be operated under the severest Electro Magnetic Interference (EMI) and Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) conditions expected in an Extra High Voltage (EHV) power system environment.

6.1 Environmental Requirements

Equipment and their components provided under this specification shall operate reliably under the following environmental conditions.

6.1.1 Temperature and Humidity

Most of the equipment will not be installed in environmentally controlled shelters. Therefore, equipment shall operate in accordance with the limits shown in Table 6-1.

Table 6-1 Environmental Operating Limits

Temperature Range: Specification Operation without damage Shipping/storage	(Un Controlled Environment) 0 to 45°C -10 to 55°C -40 to 60°C
Relative Humidity, non-condensing	Upto 90%
Elevation: Operating Non- operating	to 3,000 m to 10,000 m

For each location, the Contractor is required to assess the environmental conditions for the equipment to be installed under this specification. The Contractor is responsible for all necessary enclosure, rack or equipment upgrades to ensure the proper operation of the installed equipment.

6.1.2 EMI and Electrostatic Interference

At each location, the Contractor shall assess the need for shielding against radiated emissions and shall provide recommended solutions for any EMI problem found at each location. Specifications provide the type of immunity tests for which the equipment shall be required to pass without failure. For the individual tests to be

carried out at the different interfaces, references are made to the relevant IEC and ITU-T recommendations.

6.1.3 Vibration and Shock Resistance

As per testing requirements indicated in this specification.

6.1.4 Tropicalization

Communications equipment will often be stored and operated in uncontrolled environment areas and will be subject to mould, growth of fungus, corrosion and oxidation. The equipment and components shall be suitably tropicalized during manufacture through commissioning, as necessary.

6.1.5 Contaminants

Communications equipment may be located in areas of poor air quality with the main contaminant being dust. Cabinets shall be tight fitting utilizing filtered ventilation openings only.

6.2 Primary Source AC/DC Power Requirements

Facilities will be required to support both AC and DC power load requirements of telecommunications equipment as specified below:

6.2.1 Primary Source AC Power

It will be the Employer's responsibility to provide required Primary AC source Power for communications equipment installed under this specification. The Primary AC Power supplied will be 240 VAC \pm 10%, 50Hz with a frequency variance between 46 and 55 Hz. Harmonic distortion will not exceed five (5) percent.

All equipment and components provided under this specification requiring Primary AC Power, shall be designed for normal operation under the above stated tolerances for 240 VAC supply.

The Contractor shall provide in their Bid as well as in the survey report to the Employer the projected 240 VAC Primary Power load requirement per equipment and totals, by location, for equipment provided under this specification. The Contractor shall provide suitable UPS for communication equipment/module etc. requiring AC power supply at locations other than control centre.

6.2.2 -48V DC Power

Power supplies/converters for communications equipment (except computer system supplied as part of NMS which shall use 240 VAC) provided under this specification, shall use -48Vdc uninterrupted primary source power. The power supply may vary normally within the voltage range -42 to -58 Vdc and the supplied equipment shall

operate satisfactorily within this range.

6.2.3 Power Distribution and Protection

The Employer will furnish only one source primary 240 VAC and/or -48 VDC power. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility for the connection and distribution of all Primary AC and -48V dc source power, in full compliance with all local and national electrical codes.

The Employer shall indicate during the survey by Contractor, on the primary source, the feeders/points that can be used by the Contractor. The Contractor shall supply & install Primary AC and -48Vdc feeder cables to Contractor-furnished distribution panels.

The Contractor shall provide required distribution panels, circuit breakers and appropriate Panel Disconnects. Distribution Panel feeders, Panel Disconnects, distribution panels and circuit breakers shall be sized and equipped to support at least 100% expanded load requirements.

The Contractor shall provide and install all required primary power distribution sourced from the distribution panels. The Contractor shall also be responsible for Load Balancing.

The Contractor is responsible for all inter-rack (enclosure) and intra-rack (enclosure) power distribution required to support equipment supplied under this specification. The Contractor shall provide all cabling, fusing, switching and circuit breaker and surge protection required.

Partially equipped subsystems shall be installed with provision for expansion. Equipment power supplies provided under this specification shall be sized to support fully equipped subsystems. Primary power distribution protection shall be sized to support and protect maximum operating load potential whether or not the actual projected load shall meet that maximum load potential.

The Contractor shall provide equipment and rack safety earthing in compliance with this specification.

6.3 Equipment Construction, Assembly and Installation

All equipment supplied under this specification shall be constructed, assembled and installed in accordance with the following requirements:

6.3.1 Identification

All cabling, racks/enclosures, equipment, modules and materials shall be uniquely identifiable as per the following:

6.3.1.1 Equipment

Each equipment component to the level of printed circuit card, shall be clearly marked with the manufacturer's part number, serial number, month/year of manufacture and revision level. Changes to components shall be identified by an unambiguous change to the marked revision level. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining the master revision level list until the Contractor has complied with all requirements of this specification.

Where custom components and parts are provided, each component/part shall be marked to specifically identify that component/part. Printed circuit card cages are defined as an equipment component and as such, shall be clearly identified as stated within this specification.

Equipment chassis and printed circuit card cages having wired backplanes, shall be clearly marked with the manufacturer's part number, serial number, month/year of manufacture, revision level and an additional identifier corresponding directly to the applicable backplane wiring diagram/list.

6.3.1.2 Power Distribution

Power distribution panels shall be clearly marked with their unique identifier, source feed information, and remote source feed emergency disconnect location and identity.

Power distribution panel "Main Disconnect" and circuit breakers shall be clearly marked with a unique identifier. Circuit breaker feed lists shall be clear, accurate and the feed list information shall be posted inside each distribution panel door.

Inter-rack and intra-rack (enclosure) power distribution shall be clearly identified with source feed, voltage and power rating information. All power feed cabling shall be clearly identified near the point of termination.

All power distribution identification shall utilize heat-resistant permanent marking techniques such as stamped non-metallic tags, embossed labels, etc. Marking techniques are subject to approval by the Employer. Power distribution identifiers and information shall agree with the Contractor's power cable plant drawings.

6.3.1.3 Signal Cabling

Connectorised signal cabling/wiring requires marking with a unique identifier at each connectorised end. The signal cable/wire identifier shall include a cable identifier and the location of both terminations.

Signal cable/wiring installed on terminal blocks requires marking with the cable identifier and distant end location. The cable tag shall be clearly visible at the cable fanout point.

All signal cable, wiring and terminations shall be clearly labelled/tagged with identifiers consistent with Contractor supplied cable plant records. Marking techniques are subject to approval by the Employer.

6.3.1.4 Equipment Racks and Enclosures

All equipment racks, enclosures and equipment, including distribution frames, shall be clearly labelled with unique identifiers consistent with Contractor supplied floor plans and rack elevations.

6.3.2 Installation Hardware

Equipment racks, enclosures, cable raceways and installation hardware shall, at a minimum, comply with the following requirements:

6.3.2.1 Equipment Sub-Racks and Cabinets (Enclosures)

All equipment provided under this specification shall be physically mounted in sub-racks and cabinets (enclosures). The Contractor shall determine and propose for the Employer approval, the type, size, weight and manner of installation for each location.

Selection of equipment sub-racks and cabinets (enclosures) shall meet the following requirements:

(A) Equipment Sub Rack Construction

Equipment Sub Racks provided for installation in environmentally controlled facilities, shall meet the following minimum requirements:

- (1) Equipment Sub Racks shall be steel/aluminium fabricated and finished on all surfaces. All metal and welds shall be thoroughly cleaned and sanded to obtain a smooth finish. All surfaces shall be treated for rust and primed to form a bond between metal and the finish coats of paint.
- (2) Equipment covers shall be provided for exposed components mounted in equipment sub-Racks.
- (3) Dust and moisture protection shall meet or exceed IP20 standards.

(B) Equipment Cabinet (Enclosure) Construction

- (1) Equipment cabinets (enclosures) shall be steel/ steel & Aluminium extrusion fabricated and finished on all surfaces. All metal and welds shall be thoroughly cleaned and sanded to obtain a smooth finish. All surfaces shall be treated for rust and primed to form a bond between metal and the finish coats of paint.

- (2) Equipment cabinets (enclosures) shall be designed 19 inch, free-standing but shall be mounted to the floor. The Dimension of the cabinet shall be minimum 2200mmx600mmx600mm. Cabinets (enclosures) shall have secure fitting, lockable, full-length front doors for access to hardware and wiring. Equipment covers for exposed components mounted inside cabinets are not required unless specifically recommended.
- (3) All doors and removable panels shall be fitted with long life rubber beading. All panels shall be fabricated from minimum 2.0mm thickness steel sheet. However, for racks with load bearing Aluminium extrusion frame, door panels and side panels may be fabricated from minimum 1.6mm thickness steel sheet and the top & bottom panels shall be fabricated from minimum 2.0mm thickness steel sheet.
- (4) Equipment cabinets (enclosures) shall be dust and moisture-proof as per IP41 specification, or better (supporting certificates/documents shall be submitted during detailed engineering).

6.3.2.2 Cable Raceways

The Contractor is required to provide and install all additional necessary indoor and outdoor cable raceways. The cable raceways shall be in conformance with the following:

- (1) Signal cabling and power cabling shall require separate cable raceways. Signal and power cabling shall not share the same raceways and shall be installed as far apart as is practical. Adequate shielding shall be provided as required.
- (2) All cable raceways shall be sized to support full loading requirements plus at least a 200% safety loading factor.
- (3) Outdoor cable raceways shall be of corrugated construction and shall be fitted with solid covers overlapping all sides of the cable raceways.
- (4) Outdoor cable raceways shall be fabricated from construction grade aluminum, galvanized iron or anodized sheet metal or any other suitable material approved by the Employer. Suitable anti-corrosion measures shall be taken. Steel fabricated raceways shall be finished inside and out, treated to resist rust and to form a metal-to-paint bond.
- (5) Indoor cable raceways fabricated of aluminum or galvanized iron, shall not normally need special finishing or painting, unless otherwise stipulated by the Employer. Steel fabricated raceways shall require a

red oxide primer coat at a minimum.

6.3.3 Signaling Distribution

The Contractor shall be responsible for all signal wiring associated with furnished equipment in accordance with the following:

- (1) All signal wiring connections to the communications equipment shall be via Krone type or equivalent terminal blocks.
- (2) The Contractor shall provide subscriber level wiring and patching wherever required.

6.3.4 Lightning and Transient Voltage Protection

The Contractor shall be required to provide protection from lightning and transient voltages for all wideband communications equipment, in accordance with the following:

- (1) At the outside cable plant point-of-entry of all cabling penetrations for all cabling installed by the Contractor, the Contractor shall provide lightning and transient voltage isolation for the inside plants cabling, wiring, and all terminations and equipment.
- (2) All equipment installed under this specification that requires 240VAC primary power shall be surge protected.

6.3.5 Station Safety Earthing and Signal Grounding

For each facility, the Contractor is responsible for meeting the following station and equipment earthing requirements:

- (1) All safety earthing and signal grounding shall be in full compliance with EMI/EMC requirements as per relevant international standards.
- (2) Each cabinet (enclosure) or cabinet (enclosure) group shall include suitable signal ground and safety earth networks. The signal ground network shall terminate at a separate signal ground stud connection isolated from safety earth.
- (3) Each earth/ground network shall utilize copper bus bars, copper braids and/or 16 sqmm or bigger earth cable. All equipment earth/ground connections shall be made directly to the equipment chassis utilizing grounding lugs and secured metal-to-metal with star washers. Use of the enclosure frame, skin or chassis mounting hardware as part of the earthing/grounding networks, is not acceptable.

- (4) The safety earth network shall be connected to "earth ground" at the safety earth stud. The earth stud connection shall be sized for an external earthing cable equipped with a 2/0 solid copper lug secured metal-to-metal with star washers. Primary AC feeds and distribution within enclosures requires earthing wire connection to the safety earth stud.
- (5) The safety earth and signal ground networks shall be inter-connected only at the safety earth stud and signal ground stud.

The Contractor shall extend the existing station earth to the equipment room using suitable G.I. earthing strip (50 x 6 mm), wherever required. .

The Contractor is responsible for providing all required earthing/grounding cable and installation. Cabinet (Enclosure) and equipment safety earthing and signal grounding shall be subject to the Employer's approval.

The Contractor shall be responsible for determining the suitability of existing station earth for the equipment to be supplied under this contract. In case existing earthing arrangement at the site is not adequate, the Contractor shall either make improvement in the existing earthing arrangement or make new earthing as per requirement.

6.3.6 Interconnections

All power and signal cabling between component units of the communications systems shall be supplied and installed by the Contractor and shall be shown on contractor-supplied as-built drawings.

The Contractor shall supply and install all primary power cords, powerstrips, receptacles, circuit breakers, fuse panels, switches, earth fault detectors, surge protectors, distribution cabling, and power connectors required to support all equipment enclosures and system components furnished and installed under this specification, except as specifically excluded.

Plug-type power connectors with captive fastening (such as "Twist-Lock") shall be used for interconnection of source power to the equipment enclosures or racks.

Plug-type connectors with captive fasteners (ie. DB-25, etc) shall be used for the interconnection of all inter and intra-enclosure signalling cable.

6.3.7 Finish Colors

Unless otherwise specified, finish colors for enclosures shall be gloss white enamel on the inside, and semi-gloss medium grey enamel on the outside. Only brushed aluminum trim shall be used. Employer reserves the right to approve the proposed color scheme.

6.4 Location of Equipment, Cable Routes and Associated Civil Works

During the Site Surveys, the Contractor shall determine and propose locations for all equipment to be supplied under this contract. Further, the Contractor shall locate and identify proposed routing for all cabling between all equipment locations including existing and planned equipment not provided under this contract, but required to be connected under the scope of this contract. This subsection defines the requirements and clarifies the responsibilities of the Employer and the Contractor regarding equipment siting, intra and inter facility interconnectivity and necessary associated civil works.

6.4.1 Locations for Supplied Equipment

All transmission equipment, the NMS and associated DDFs and MDFs, shall generally be colocated in the same communications room located in the Control Building whenever possible.

6.4.2 Associated Civil Works

The Contractor shall provide all required minor civil works necessary for full connectivity as required in the Contractor's scope of work as follows:

- (1) All wall and floor penetrations necessary for the installation of all cabling to be performed in accordance with the requirements of this specification.
- (2) Installation of racks, cabinets, cable raceways, and cabling supplied as part of this contract.

6.4.3 Cable Trenches

A network of cable trenches and/or ducts may exist at some sites but shall require expansion and/or new construction at some stations. It shall be a responsibility of the contractor to cooperate fully with the Employer and all other on-going project contractors in the planning and efficient use of existing and new cable trenches. The existing cable trenches/ cable raceways proposed to be used shall be identified in the survey report. The contractor shall make its best effort to route the cable through the existing available cable trenches. Where suitable existing cable trenches are not available, suitable alternatives shall be proposed for Employer approval. The Employer shall provide any additional cable trenches required for such approved alternatives.

It may be noted that in order to utilise the existing trenches, the Contractor supplied cables maybe required to be co-located with LV cables. Accordingly, the contractor shall ensure that selection and installation of cables is suitable for the purpose. The contractor shall be responsible for new building penetrations required for supplied cabling. Caution shall be taken to ensure existing equipment and site personnel are

protected from dust and debris incident to the cable penetration work. Penetration shall be neatly formed and sealed for protection from moisture, dust wind and vermin intrusion.

All required fitting, supports, accessories, ducts, inner ducts, conduits, riser and any item not specially mentioned but required for lay and installation of cables in trenches shall be supplied and installed by the Contractor.

-----**End of this Section**-----